

# **BorderLiner**

An Openoffice.org extension to draw borders in Calc and Writer tables and other objects just with a couple of key strokes



BorderLiner - V 1.3.1

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The macro BorderLiner is available at <a href="http://ooomacros.org">http://ooomacros.org</a>
Intermediate development steps can also be downloaded from

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# **Overview**

BorderLiner provides a simple method to draw borders in tables and some text elements in OpenOffice.org Calc and Writer.

Define the border style in a dialog or pick it from an existing cell, select the cell(s) or text elements and assign the border with some key strokes.

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The herein described extension BorderLiner is subject to the GNU Lesser General Public License (LGPL). A copy of the LGPL is available at http://www.gnu.org/licenses/lgpl.html.

### **Feedback**

Suggestions for improvement of the macro and the documentation are more than welcome!

Please contact me at

my user-ID hillerd in Germany (.de) at tiscali

The released macro BorderLiner is available at <a href="http://ooomacros.org">http://ooomacros.org</a>.

Intermediate development steps can be downloaded from

http://home.cablesurf.de/dhiller > Various > Software

This extension is free of charge to you. Nevertheless, to satisfy my curiosity I would be glad to receive a post-card of your home town, if you like and use this extension.

My postal address is: Dietmar Hiller, Dom-Pedro-Str. 22, 80637 Muenchen, Germany.

# **Modifications and updates**

Version	Date	Description of Change
0.1	05-Aug-06	Initial edition issued with basic functionality
0.2	22-Aug-06	Added dialog to set line style Added option to set borders for entire table or for each cell Improved border functionality Improved installation creates toolbar with button
1.0	26-Sept-06	Added drawing capabilities to text tables and other text elements Improved installer (requires OOo 2.0.3 or later) Added feature to pick line style The macro now terminates when the document is closed
1.1	16-Dec-06	Added using with hidden dialog Memorizes dialog position
1.2	08-Feb-07	Allow multiple selections in CALC sheets
1.3	10-Mar-07	Providing a selection of line styles with preview Exchange color model of RGB with HSL, which is more intuitive.
1.3.1	25-Apr-07	Bugfix for OpenOffice.org 2.2 distributed with Ubuntu 7.04

# Installation

### Requirements

This macro was developed and tested on Linux Ubuntu 6.10 with OpenOffice.org 2.2. It was also tried on Windows XP/SP2 and OpenOffice.org 2.0.4.

It will also run under younger versions of OpenOffice.org 2.0.x (without some cosmetic features). You might need to rename *BorderLiner.oxt* to *BorderLiner.zip* (it was reported that version 1.3 worked this way under 2.0.2). Whether it runs under OpenOffice.org 1.x is unknown to me.

#### Desktop

Together with this documentation, you will have received the installation file *BorderLiner.oxt*. It may be packed in a zip-file. Copy *BorderLiner.oxt* into a temporary folder, it will be used for installation with the Package Manager.

For installation, start OpenOffice.org and go to the menu item **Tools > Package Manger**. Select **My Packages** and **Add** *BorderLiner.oxt*.

If you upgrade the macro from a previous version, you will receive a warning. This warning is positioned behind the window of the *Extension Manager*, so that you have to move that to the side in order to confirm overwriting.

You will find a new toolbar **BorderLiner** in **View > Toolbars** with a button to call this macro in your applications **Calc** and **Writer**. If the toolbar is not available, please close and restart OpenOffice.org.

If you prefer to place the macro in another toolbar, create a new toolbar with the menu item View > Toolbars > Customize > Toolbars > New. In this toolbar the macro can now be added with Add > OpenOffice.org Macros > My Macros > BorderLiner > Main > Main. The macro is now called *Main*, to rename it use Modify > Rename. To set the icon use again Modify > Change Icon > Import. Go to the directory where the macro is installed (use the explorer search function to find

the file *BorderLiner\_16.bmp* – e.g. in Windows in *Documents and Settings*). Set the type to *BMP* and select the icon. Find this icon in the gallery and close the actions with *OK*.

## Portable OpenOffice.org

The Package Manager might not work in portable OpenOffice.org. But there is the possibility to install the macro manually.

Copy the directory *BorderLiner* from *BorderLiner.oxt* in the directory *PortableOpenOffice* \settings \user \basic.

The following files in \PortableOpenOffice\settings\user\basic have to be edited manually. Add the following lines directly above the line "</library:libraries>".

### dialog.xlc:

```
clibrary:library library:name="BorderLiner"
xlink:href="$(USER)/basic/BorderLiner/dialog.xlb/" xlink:type="simple"
library:link="false"/>
```

### script.xls:

```
library:library library:name="BorderLiner"
xlink:href="$(USER)/basic/BorderLiner/script.xlb/" xlink:type="simple"
library:link="false"/>
```

You can now call the macro via the menu item **Tools > Macro > Run Macro**. You might get an error message about the Java Runtime Engine (JRE). As long as your PC has JRE installed, the message can be ignored. Start the macro with **My Macros > BorderLiner > Main > Main**.

To assign the macro to a toolbar follow the instructions above.

# **Usage**

# Defining the line style

Click on the icon **g** of the toolbar to start the dialog to set the line styles.

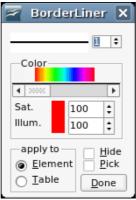
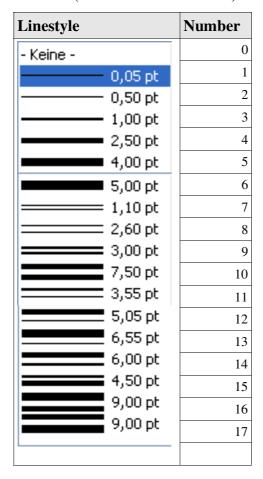


Image 1: Dialog

The following settings can be done:

Linestyle A selection of 17 predefined line styles is available. These are also the only line styles available in text tables (see also "known issues").



• Color: hue, saturation, illumination

Defines the color of the line. The color is shown in the adjacent bar.

Hue defines the basic color. The lower the saturation of a color, the more "grayness" is present and the more faded the color will appear. Reducing the illumination darkens the color.

For gray colors (including black and white), set the saturation to 0 and adjust the brightness. Hue has no significance here.

apply to:

Element - applies the line to each selected element

Table - applies the line to the entire table

see below for details

Hide

Checking this box hides the dialog immediately. This comes very handy, if you only intend to pick and draw lines from the keyboard. Use the "0" key to toggle dialog visibility.

Pick

Check this box to pick the line style from the document. This enables easy setting of the same border style to a series of objects.

Done

The macro is terminated by clicking on Done or by pressing the ESC key while drawing.

The settings of the dialog are kept as long as OpenOffice.org is running. When you re-open the dialog, the previous settings are shown again. Also the position of the dialog is preserved during the entire OpenOffice.org session.

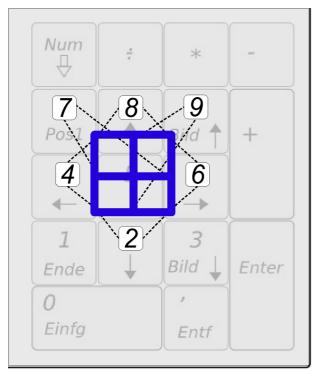
# Drawing the borders

After having defined the line style in the dialog, select the table or the element you want to apply this border to.

Also the status line shows that the macro is active:

Borderliner 1.3 - Press 1 to 9 to draw a line, ESC to stop, 0 to toggle dialog Image 2: Statusbar

With the following key strokes the lines are drawn:



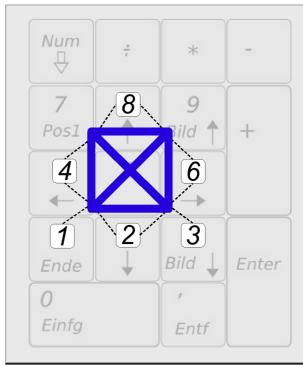


Image 3: Keystrokes for Table

Image 4: Keystrokes for Elements

Always 2, 4, 6 and 8 draw the bottom, left, right and top line. For tables 7 draws the horizontal lines and 9 the vertical lines inside the table, whereas for elements 1 and 3 draw diagonal lines in Calc cells. An underlying numeric keypad is shown to ease memorizing the key strokes.

Deleting a line can be done by holding the Shift key and pressing the corresponding key. Also setting the line style to 0 in the dialog is possible.



In OpenOffice.org the borderline belongs to a cell and not to the border between the two adjacent cells. This means that a line that was drawn as a bottom line of one cell cannot be cleared by removing the top line of the cell below.

If a feature is not available (e.g. diagonal line in tables), a sound is played.



While the macro is running, the application can be used as usual. Only the keys 0 to 9 are not available.

The macro is terminated by pressing the ESC key in the document or by hitting the Done button.

# Picking a line style

It is possible to read the border line style from existing cells if you want to apply the same borders to other cells.

Mark the Pick checkbox in the dialog and then press the number key (e.g. "2" for bottom line) in the cell whose line style you want to copy. The border settings are read to the dialog. The Pick checkbox is cleared automatically so that you can apply the same border style to other cells immediately. CTRL-2 would do the same job.

The same keystrokes as for drawing a borderline are also valid here.



Because the borderline belongs to a cell and not to the border between the two adjacent cells, a line that was drawn as a bottom line of one cell could be different to the top line of the cell below. Only one of the two is displayed and picked.

### Where the borders can be drawn

The toolbar is only available in Writer and in Calc.

#### Calc

An Element in Calc is the individual cell, whereas the Table is the entire selection. Therefore, with apply to set to Element, e.g. a bottom line would be drawn to each cell of the selection in Image 5, whereas if set to Table, only the cells CK383:CP383 and CK396:CP396 would have a bottom line drawn.

This example also shows that the selection of non-adjacent cells is possible.

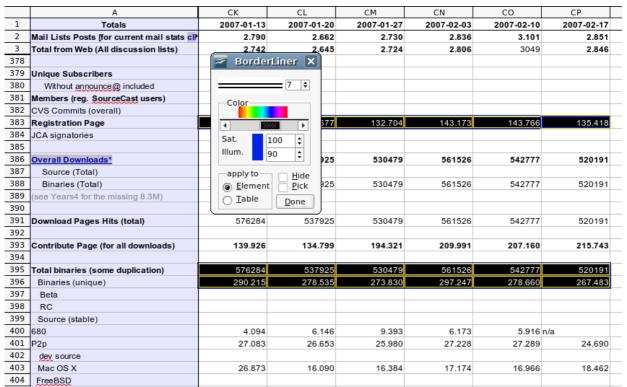


Image 5: Drawing borders in Calc (example taken from http://stats.openoffice.org/spreadsheet/index.html)

### Writer

In Writer, selecting a range of cells and choosing Elements, assigns the borderline to that range, not to each cell of the range. So the behavior is identical to choosing Table in *Calc*.

Table marks the entire table, the cursor is in, independent of the selection.

2006-07-08	2006-07-15	2006-07-22
49.684	35.045	31.271
15.061	13.106	13.997

Image 6: Drawing borders in Writer tables

The black borders where drawn by placing the cursor in the table and applying the keystrokes to the table. The blue lines were created by selecting the first raw of the table and applying the keystrokes to the elements.

Additionally to Writer tables, borders can also be drawn to other elements:

### to simple paragraphs

Make sure to set some space below the paragraph in the format menu, otherwise the line might not be visible.

to frames



## **Impress and Draw**

Because tables in *Impress* and *Draw* are Calc objects, BorderLiner also works on tables in these applications.

BorderLiner does not work on text frames in *Draw* and *Impress*. These frames are drawing-objects and the borderline is realized with a different feature.

# What's next?

- Known issues currently under investigation
  - A bug was observed when using BorderLiner over various Calc sheets: the keylistener was not terminated properly after ending the macro. Workaround: close and restart OpenOffice.org.
  - o If the application is closed while the macro is running, OpenOffice.org crashes <u>after</u> having closed all files. Closing just the document while the macro is running causes no problem. Best practice is to terminate the macro before closing the application.
  - o In *Writer* the borderline is currently applied to the cell range when Elements is selected not to <u>each</u> cell in.
- Version 2.0:
  - substitution of dialog with enhanced features of the toolbar
- Version "later":
  - Drawing with mouse instead of or additional to keys
     Note: mouse pointer cannot be set to pencil (missing OOo feature)
- Know issues that cannot or are not planned to be resolved
  - OpenOffice.org uses only those line widths and distances in text tables as they are predefined in *BorderLiner*; other settings would get lost after saving. See also the issue "[Issue 69608] Writer table double borders assigned by macro are lost after saving" (<a href="http://www.openoffice.org/issues/show\_bug.cgi?id=69608">http://www.openoffice.org/issues/show\_bug.cgi?id=69608</a>). Current OOo target milestone is 2.x.

o In double lines, the top line shows in Writer the one in the internal part of the cell, whereas it is the top or left one in Calc. See also issue "http://www.openoffice.org/issues/show\_bug.cgi?id=74826".

# **Acknowledgments**

Many many thanks to ...

Villeroy (<a href="http://www.oooforum.org/forum/viewtopic.phtml?p=209595#209595">http://www.oooforum.org/forum/viewtopic.phtml?p=209595#209595</a>) and Paolo Mantovani (private communication) for showing me how to change images interactively in dialogs.

Wikipedia (<a href="http://de.wikipedia.org/wiki/HSV-Farbraum">http://de.wikipedia.org/wiki/HSV-Farbraum</a>) for explaining the conversion between the RGB and HSV color spaces.

all the contributors of oooforum.org (<a href="http://www.oooforum.org/forum/viewforum.phtml?f=9">http://www.oooforum.org/forum.org/forum.phtml?f=9</a>), especially

- B Marcelly for the hint of naming the toolbar (<a href="http://www.oooforum.org/forum/viewtopic.phtml?t=41322">http://www.oooforum.org/forum/viewtopic.phtml?t=41322</a>)
- ms777, pitonyak

Andrew Pitonyak, his document "AdrewMacro.odt" (http://www.pitonyak.org/AndrewMacro.odt), especially chapter "7.1.1. Is the cursor in a text table?"